### **Google Analytics**

**Tips & Tricks for Your Business** 







Laurel Highlands Visitor Bureau

Interactive Marketing Summit



### **Session Topics:**

- 1. Getting to know the dashboard
- 2. Metrics and dimensions
- 3. What reports to use
- 4. User tips to segment your data
- 5. Tracking your paid traffic

#### **Google Analytics: An Overview**

Google Analytics is a free measurement platform that provides a range of data about the users who visit your website.

#### Measure

- What pages do people visit
- How long do they stay
- Do they return
- Goal completions

#### Understand

- Form completions
- Enews sign ups

#### Take Action

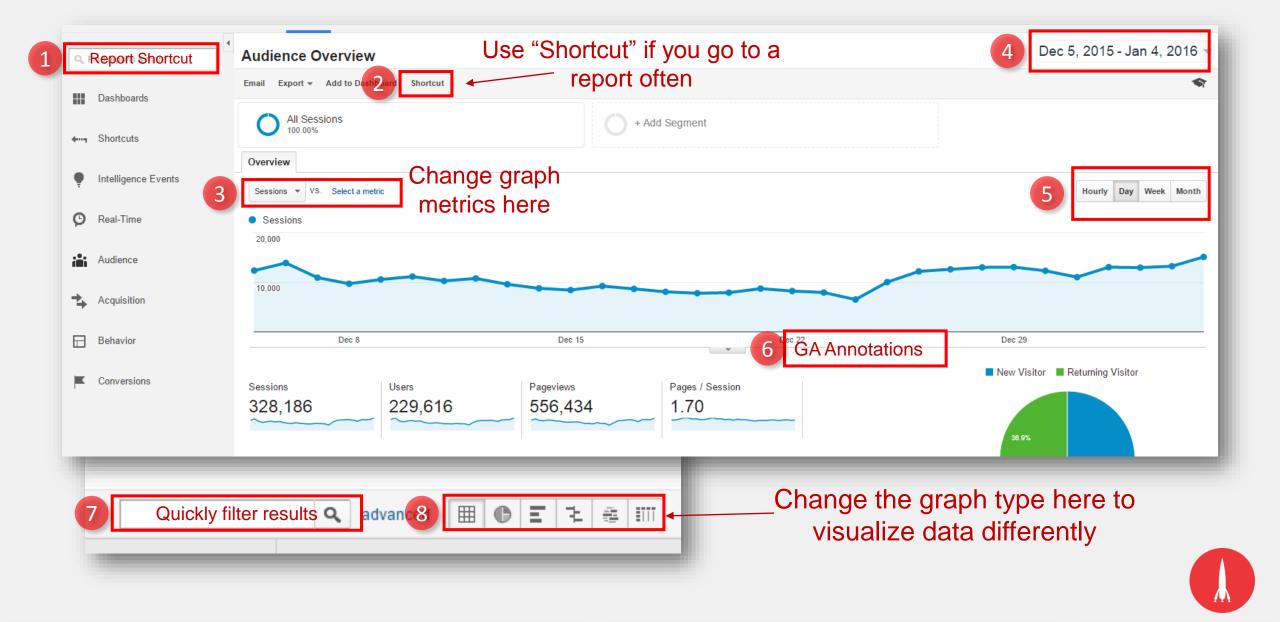
Gain insights into where to update or invest





# Getting to know the dashboard.







## Metrics & dimensions.



#### **Common Metrics Defined:**

Over 400 metrics and dimensions!

**Sessions** - The total number of single page (or single engagement hit) sessions for your property.

Bounce Rate - The percentage of single-page sessions (i.e., session in which the person left from the first page).

**Avg. Session Duration** - The average duration of a session.

Pages/Session - The average number of pages viewed during a session. Repeated views of a single page are co

Pageviews - Pageviews is the total number of pages viewed, including repeats.

**Unique Pageviews** - Unique Pageviews is the number of sessions during which the specified page was viewed at once.

Avg. Time on Page - The average amount of time users spent viewing a specified page.



#### **Common Dimensions Defined:**

**Source/Medium –** From where and how a user arrived on your website.

**Campaign** – Descriptor for tracking purposes.

**Device Category** – Tablet, Mobile or Desktop visit.

Country/Region/Metro/City

**Page/Page Title** – page URL or title. Especially useful for performance check ins on titles.

**Landing Page** – the first page a user lands on upon site entry.

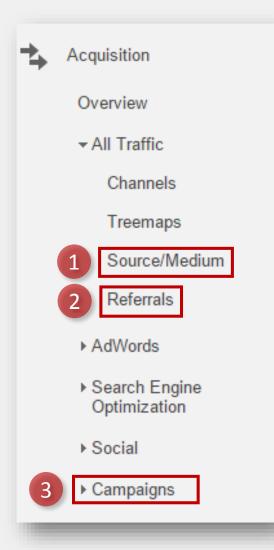
**New/Return Visitor** – based on session hit length.



## Reports to know.



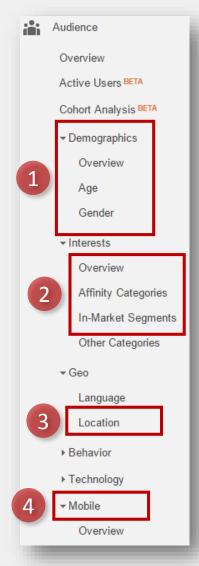
#### The Go-To Acquisition Reports:



- **1. Source/Medium Report** use this for tracking how different traffic sources perform against each other. Useful for assessing overall performance of a channel.
- 2. Referrals Identify websites that provide high value for you.
- 3. Campaigns if tagged correctly, this is a useful report for rolling up initiatives under one campaign umbrella.



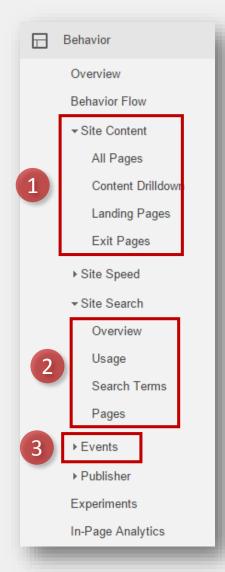
#### The Go-to Audience reports:



- 1. Demographic Reports Understand your website audience and segment the data to see if you are hitting the right markets.
- 2. Interest Reports Great for identifying potential areas of new advertising targeting.
- 3. Location Report
- 4. Mobile Device Report



#### The Go-to Behavior reports:



- **1. Site Content Reports** Mainly the All Pages and Landing Pages reports. Gives in-depth view of website content performance.
- 2. Site Search Great for identifying weaknesses/strength of content and sources. Uncover user behavior.
- 3. Events Mainly the Top Event report. Gives an overview of the most interacted with items on the website that are currently tracked.



### Reports to Know:



Live Walkthrough

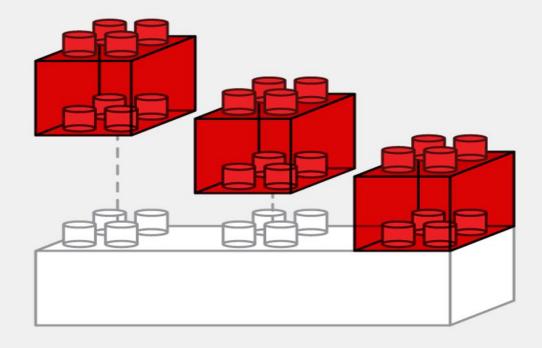


# User tips & tricks.



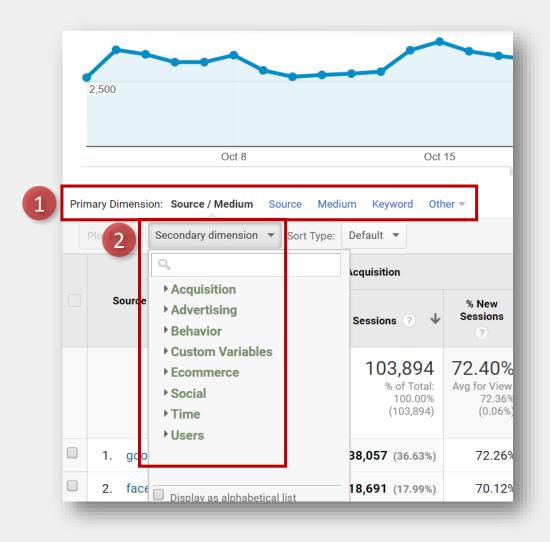
#### **User Tips & Tricks:**

- 1. Primary and secondary dimensions
- 2. Custom dashboards
- 3. Intelligence events
- 4. Custom segments
- 5. Set up goals and assigned values





### **Primary and Secondary Dimensions:**

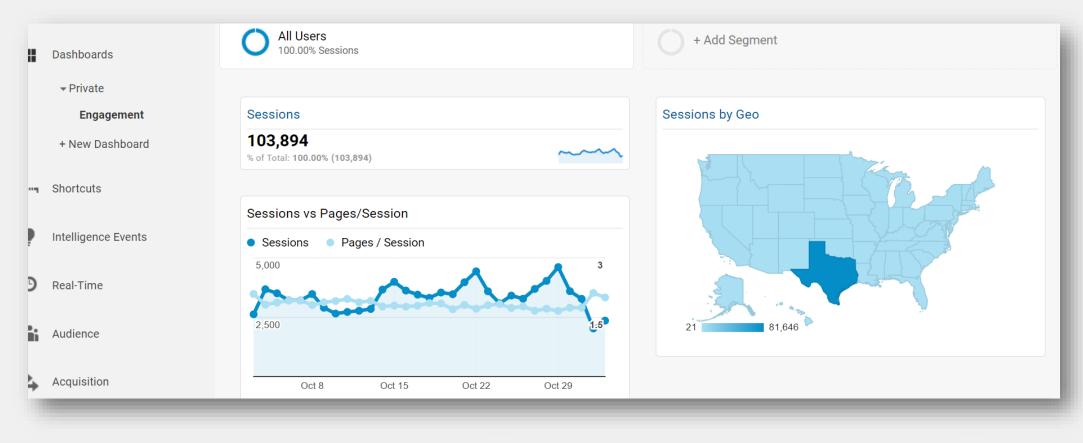


- Primary Dimension The main segment by which data in a report is presented. Can be changed by selecting an option on the right of the default.
- Secondary Dimension An optional reporting segment that further breaks down data. Adds a new column to the data table.



#### **Custom Dashboards:**

Custom Dashboards give you one-click reporting into all the metrics that are important to you

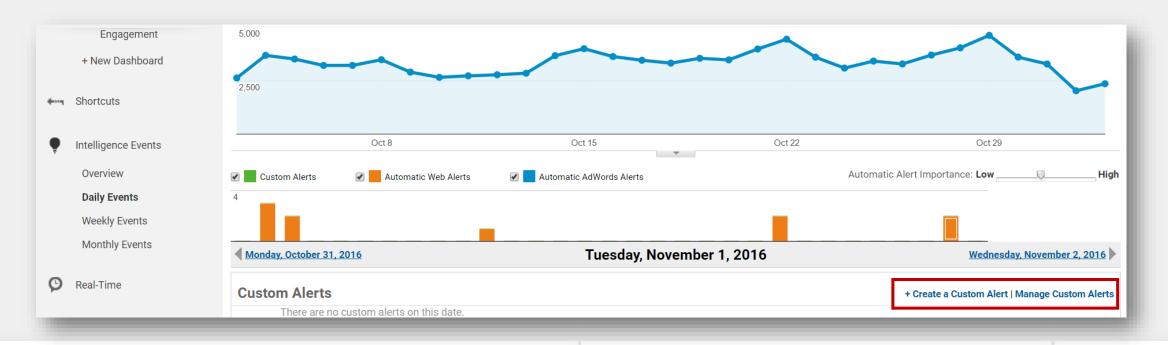




#### **Intelligence Events:**

Set up automated alerts when your data hits certain pre-defined thresholds:

- No page hits
- Spikes in goal conversions
- Increases in bounce rate

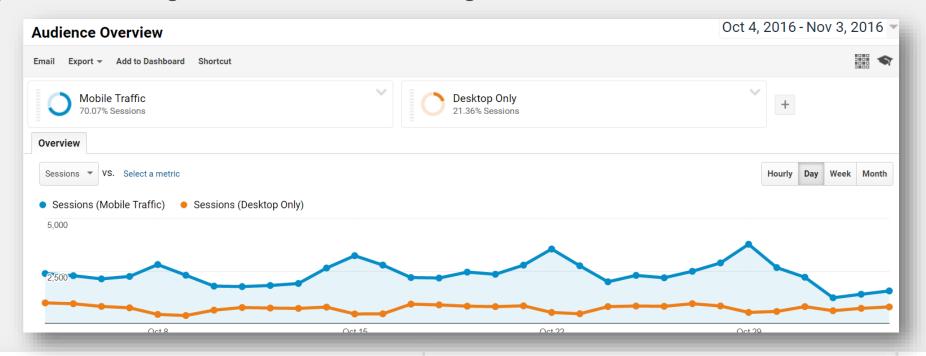




#### **Custom Segments:**

Custom segments apply a filter on an entire report, which narrows down your view. Multiple segments can be applied, which is great for quick data comparisons.

- Compare mobile vs. desktop
- Compare cities
- Compare converting traffic vs. non-converting traffic





#### Set Up Goals:

Set up goals to gain insights into how many people fill out a form, sign up for e-newsletters, download a guide, etc.

- What traffic is the most valuable
- Is the user experience working

Primary Dimension: Source / Medium Source Medium Keyword Other -										
	Plot Rows Secondary dimension ▼ Sort Type: Default ▼							Q advanced ■ ● E 1 ● IIII		
		Acquisition			Behavior			Conversions Goal 3: eNewsletter Subscription ▼		
	Source / Medium 🕜	Sessions ? ↓	% New Sessions	New Users ?	Bounce Rate	Pages / Session	Avg. Session Duration	eNewsletter Subscription (Goal 3 Conversion Rate)	eNewsletter Subscription (Goal 3 Completions)	eNewsletter Subscription (Goal 3 Value)
		300,451 % of Total: 100.00% (300,451)	71.01% Avg for View: 70.99% (0.04%)	213,362 % of Total: 100.04% (213,282)	66.08% Avg for View: 66.08% (0.00%)	1.91 Avg for View: 1.91 (0.00%)	00:01:41 Avg for View: 00:01:41 (0.00%)	0.18% Avg for View: 0.18% (0.00%)	544 % of Total: 100.00% (544)	\$0.00 % of Total: 0.00% (\$0.00)
	1. google / organic	102,938 (34.26%)	72.62%	74,751 (35.03%)	59.05%	2.11	00:02:07	0.12%	126 (23.16%)	\$0.00 (0.00%)
	2. (direct) / (none)	32,500 (10.82%)	81.47%	26,477 (12.41%)	59.96%	2.07	00:01:54	0.30%	98 (18.01%)	\$0.00 (0.00%)
	3. inpwrd.com / referral	21,738 (7.24%)	54.24%	11,791 (5.53%)	86.38%	1.22	00:00:54	0.00%	0 (0.00%)	\$0.00 (0.00%)
	4. m.facebook.com / referral	20,827 (6.93%)	78.94%	16,440 (7.71%)	78.51%	1.50	00:00:39	0.12%	24 (4.41%)	\$0.00 (0.00%)
	5. google / cpc	<b>17,244</b> (5.74%)	68.49%	11,810 (5.54%)	48.50%	2.73	00:02:39	0.34%	59 (10.85%)	\$0.00 (0.00%)



# Tracking campaigns.



#### **Tracking Campaigns:**

Create a trackable URL to monitor digital efforts on partner websites, social media and email.

**Source** = Where the traffic came from

• Example: facebook, twitter, vendor/publisher name

**Medium** = How they arrived

• Example: paid social, email, display

**Campaign** = Initiative name (year, messaging/source, etc)

• Example: LHVB FY 2016 – Internal Newsletter

**Content** and **Term** are optional, but very useful for further segmenting click information from a source.



#### **Example URL:**

http://www.example.com/index.aspx?utm\_source=facebook&utm\_medium=paid%20social&utm\_term=image%20a&utm\_content=winter%20message&utm\_campaign=lhvb%20fy%202016%20-%20paid%20social%20media

**Source** = facebook

**Medium** = paid social

**Content** = winter message

Term = image a

Campaign = lhvb fy 2016 - paid social media

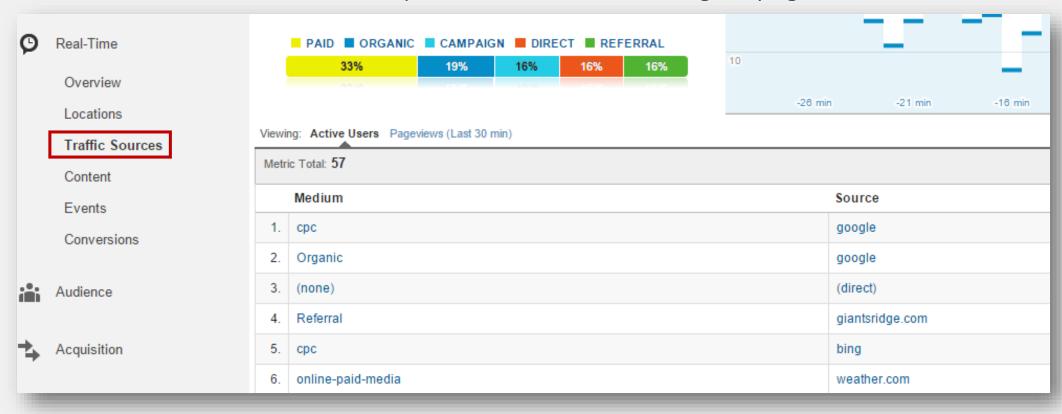
Note: **%20** represents a space between words

Google URL Builder: https://goo.gl/4diX54



#### **Always Test URLs:**

Use the **Real Time Traffic Sources** report to test URL's before setting campaigns live.







Barkleyrei.com Barkleyus.com



speduzzi@barkleyrei.com



@sduzy496



in/sarahpeduzzi



412-401-1209



### Let's Connect

