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Congressmen Panetta, Beyer Release Proposal to Improve the Paycheck Protection Program

SALINAS, CA – Today, Congressman Jimmy Panetta (CA-20) and Congressman Don Beyer (VA-08) unveiled a proposal to improve the newly created Paycheck Protection Program (PPP).

The PPP, created by the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act, provides forgivable loans to cover up to eight weeks of payroll, rent, utilities, and mortgage interest. However, structural and regulatory issues have hobbled the program, making it difficult for many small businesses, especially in the hospitality industry, to use the loans effectively. Other small businesses have been unable to secure loans in the first place, while larger, publicly traded companies have received large loans.

"Although the Paycheck Protection Program has provided some much needed relief for many small businesses on the Central Coast, I have heard repeatedly that the PPP needs clearer rules and structural improvements so that employers can rehire employees without worrying about losing their loan forgiveness," **said Congressman Panetta.** "That's why we are proposing this legislation to ensure small businesses are not crowded out by bigger businesses and provide more clarity and flexibility for loan forgiveness and payroll requirements. The Paycheck Protection Program should not be an additional source of anxiety but, rather, a lifeline to small businesses."

"The Paycheck Protection Program was designed to be a lifesaver for American workers, but too many small businesses have not received the support they were promised. Our approach would greatly improve PPP and make it work better and more fairly for small businesses, targeting the funding to those who need it most. It would also give small businesses the time and flexibility they need to make sure they can survive this crisis and save as many jobs as possible. I thank Congressman Panetta for his leadership," said Congressman Beyer.

The Paycheck Protection Program Improvement Proposal:

- Provides dedicated funding for the smallest businesses and prevents publicly traded companies from receiving PPP funding
- Provides more clarity and flexibility for loan forgiveness and payroll requirements
- Allows small businesses to spread out payroll payments over a longer period of time and covers payroll paid before the loan was received



Summary of the provisions in the proposal is below.

A one-pager on the proposal is available <u>here</u> and the full section-by-section is available <u>here</u>.

Making PPP More Accessible for Small Businesses:

- Provides \$660 billion for the PPP program overall, with amounts reserved for businesses with fewer employees, including:
 - \$240 billion set aside for employers with fewer than 10 employees
 - \$180 billion set aside for employers with 10 or more but fewer than 50 employees
- Prevents publicly traded companies from crowding out smaller businesses by prohibiting them from receiving PPP loans, with exceptions for independently owned and operated franchisees.
- Provides banks increased processing fee incentives for the smallest loans and lowers fees banks receive for processing the largest loans.
- Requires lenders to publicly report what percentage of their lending is going to small, medium, and large businesses.

Increasing Clarity and Flexibility of the Program:

- Clarifies rules regarding the minimum percentage of the loan that must to be spent on payroll and its effect on loan forgiveness by creating a sliding scale so that forgiveness is reduced, not forfeited.
- Provides small businesses with more time to rehire employees and utilize payroll
 forgiveness by pushing back the June 30, 2020 rehiring date to August 31, 2020 and
 allowing businesses to pay their 8 weeks of payroll over a 16-week period without
 losing forgiveness.
- Recognizes the efforts already made to preserve jobs by allowing businesses to be used on payroll expenses made after March 15, regardless of when the loan was disbursed.
- Gives businesses more time to pay back loans by allowing them to convert their PPP loan into an Economic Injury Disaster Loan, which can have a much longer repayment term, if they choose to accept the higher interest rate and forfeit loan forgiveness.

Making PPP more Accessible for Smaller Nonprofits:

- Expands PPP eligibility for nonprofits regardless of type, to support local chambers of commerce and labor unions and other non-profits providing critical COVID-19-related support to their memberships.
- Prevents PPP from subsidizing lobbying by preventing employees who are federally
 registered lobbyists from counting towards value of the PPP loan, and preventing loan
 forgiveness payroll costs for lobbyists.