FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors **Rhode Island Industrial Facilities Corporation**

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Rhode Island Industrial Facilities Corporation, a component unit of the State of Rhode Island, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Rhode Island Industrial Facilities Corporation's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.



We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Rhode Island Industrial Facilities Corporation as of June 30, 2020 and 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4-8 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Rhode Island Industrial Facilities Corporation's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information to the financial statements, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying supplementary information is the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, accompanying supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 27, 2020 on our consideration of the Rhode Island Industrial Facilities Corporation's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations,

contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Rhode Island Industrial Facilities Corporation's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Rhode Island Industrial Facilities Corporation's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Providence, RI

October 27, 2020

Marcun LLP

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019

As management of the Rhode Island Industrial Facilities Corporation (the Corporation), a component unit of the State of Rhode Island (the State), we offer readers of the Corporation's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Corporation for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019. The Corporation's financial statements, accompanying notes, and supplementary information should be read in conjunction with the following discussion.

INTRODUCTION

The Corporation was organized in 1966 as a non-business corporation under Rhode Island law and in 1967 was constituted and established as a public body corporate and agency of the State by an act of the Rhode Island General Assembly. The Corporation was granted the power to issue revenue bonds, construction loan notes, and equipment acquisition notes for the financing of projects which further industrial development in Rhode Island. The powers of the Corporation are vested in a Board of Directors. The Corporation does not have any employees, but is staffed by employees of the Rhode Island Commerce Corporation (the "Corporation"), a component unit of the State.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Corporation's financial statements.

The Corporation engages only in business-type activities, that is, activities that are financed in whole or in part by charges to external parties for services. As a result, the Corporation's basic financial statements include the statement of net position; the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position; the statement of cash flows; and the notes to the financial statements. These basic financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Corporation's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents detail on the Corporation's assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Changes in the Corporation's net position serve as a useful indicator of whether the Corporation's net position is improving or deteriorating. Readers should also consider other non-financial factors when evaluating the Corporation's net position. The statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position presents information on how the Corporation's net position changed during the year.

All assets, liabilities, and changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event affecting the asset or liability or deferred outflow or inflow, and resulting change in net position occurs, regardless of the timing of when the cash is received or paid (accrual basis of accounting for governmental entities). Consequently, certain revenues and expenses reported in the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position will result in cash flows in future periods.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019

2020 FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Total assets exceeded total liabilities by \$215,187 (net position) at June 30, 2020, which is unrestricted and may be used to meet the Corporation's operating requirements.

Over the last several years the revenue generated on an annual basis from bond fees has not been sufficient to offset the associated administrative costs of running the program. Due to current market conditions with market interest rates on the rise means bond issuance has become more attractive and often less costly when compared to traditional bank loans. Increased activity should translate into a positive change in net position in future years. Despite the improved market conditions, 2020 net position decreased by \$53,529, \$21,103 more than in 2019.

2019 FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Total assets exceeded total liabilities by \$268,716 (net position) at June 30, 2019, which is unrestricted and may be used to meet the Corporation's operating requirements.

Over the last several years the revenue generated on an annual basis from bond fees has not been sufficient to offset the associated administrative costs of running the program. In 2019 net position decreased by \$32,426, \$10,198 more than in 2018.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019

CONDENSED COMPARATIVE INFORMATION

The following table reflects a summary of changes in certain balances in the statements of net position, and revenues, expenses and changes in net position (in thousands):

				Su	mma	ries of Net Pos	sition								
	-	Year Ended June 30						Increase (decrease)							
		2020		2019		2018	2020	v 2019	2019	v 2018					
Net Position															
Current assets	\$	315	\$	322	\$	356	\$	(7)	\$	(34)					
Total assets		315		322		356		(7)		(34)					
Current liabilities		80		30		30		50							
Noncurrent liabilities		20		23		25		(3)		(2)					
Total liabilities		100		53		55		47		(2)					
Net Position Unrestricted	\$	215	\$	269	\$	301	\$	(54)	\$	(32)					

	Summaries of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position									
		Ŋ	<i>Y</i> ear	Ended June 3	0		Increase (decrease)			
		2020		2019		2018	202	0 v 2019	20	019 v 2018
Changes in Net Position										
Operating revenues	\$	39	\$	47	\$	36	\$	(8)	\$	11
Operating expenses		92		80		59		12		21
Operating income (loss)		(53)		(33)		(23)		(20)		(10)
Change in Net Position	\$	(53)	\$	(33)	\$	(23)	\$	(20)	\$	(10)

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019

2020 FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Total assets of the Corporation decreased by \$6,596 during 2020 primarily due to a decrease in cash as the Corporation has seen a significant increase in reimbursements due from the Rhode Island Industrial-Recreational Building Authority and bond administration fees receivable.

Total liabilities of the Corporation increased by \$46,933 during 2020, due to an increase in accrued expenses due to fees owed to the Rhode Island Commerce Corporation for financial services provided during the year.

2020 OPERATING ACTIVITY

Operating revenues of the Corporation decreased by \$8,489 compared to 2019 due to several bonds being paid off during 2019, resulting in a decrease in revenue derived from administration fees.

Total operating expenses increased by \$12,614 or 15.9% due to increased contractual services. The cost of contractual services, particularly audit and legal services, increased due to the billing of the 2019 agreed upon procedures report and APRA response requests, respectively.

The Corporation's operating loss was \$53,529 in 2020, compared to an operating loss of \$32,426 in 2019. As additional bonds are issued the administrative costs will be offset by additional bond fess revenues.

2019 FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Total assets of the Corporation decreased by \$34,443 during 2019 primarily due to higher administrative costs related to increased interest in financing options offered by Rhode Island Industrial Facilities Corporation. As interest rates rise the cost effectiveness of product offerings improve.

Total liabilities of the Corporation decreased by \$2,017 during 2019, due to decreasing deferred revenue related to prepaid bond fees.

2019 OPERATING ACTIVITY

Operating revenues of the Corporation increased by \$10,623 compared to 2018 due to a new bond issuance.

Total operating expenses increased by \$20,821 or 35.5% due to increased administrative costs. Administrative costs increased in response to the increased interest in Rhode Island Industrial Facilities financing options as interest rates on traditional bank loans increased.

The Corporation's operating loss was \$32,426 in 2019, compared to an operating loss of \$22,228 in 2018. As additional bonds are issued the administrative costs will be offset by additional bond fess revenues.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed as a general overview of the Corporation's financial picture for external and internal shareholders. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or public requests for information should be addressed to the Treasurer, Rhode Island Industrial Facilities Corporation, 315 Iron Horse Way, Suite 101, Providence, Rhode Island 02908.

STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019

	2020	2019
Assets		
Current Assets		
Cash	\$ 165,051	\$ 310,856
Bond Administration Fees Receivable	24,070	
Due from Rhode Island Industrial-Recreational		
Building Authority (RIIRBA)	123,488	8,602
Prepaid insurance	2,600	 2,347
Total Current Assets	 315,209	 321,805
Total Assets	 315,209	 321,805
Liabilities		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable	3,804	
Accrued expenses	3,101	1,954
Unearned revenue	2,539	2,539
Due to Rhode Island Commerce Corporation	70,412	 25,891
Total current liabilities	 79,856	 30,384
Noncurrent liabilities		
Unearned revenue	 20,166	 22,705
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	 20,166	 22,705
Total Liabilities	100,022	53,089
Net Position, Unrestricted	\$ 215,187	\$ 268,716

STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019

	 2020	2019
Operating Revenues and Charges for Services		
Bond administration fees	\$ 37,063	\$ 44,101
Commitment and application fees	1,506	3,000
Other	 43	
Total Operating Revenues and Charges for Services	38,612	47,101
Operating Expenses		
Administrative	44,522	45,198
Insurance	15,347	13,906
Contractual services	31,797	19,753
Other	 475	 670
Total Operating Expenses	 92,141	 79,527
Change in Net Position	(53,529)	(32,426)
Net Position - Beginning of Year	 268,716	301,142
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 215,187	\$ 268,716

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019

	2020		2019
Cash Flows from Operating Activities			
Cash received for services	\$ 14,542	\$	47,101
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services	(45,461)		(81,718)
Net Cash Used in Operating Activities	(30,919)		(34,617)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities			
Advances to RIIRBA	(114,886)		232,284
Net Cash (Used in) Provided by Investing Activities	 (114,886)	-	232,284
Net Cash (Used iii) Provided by Investing Activities	 (114,000)		232,204
Net (Decrease) Increase in Cash	 (145,805)		197,667
Cash - Beginning of Year	 310,856		113,189
Cash - End of Year	\$ 165,051	\$	310,856
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash			
(Used in) Operating Activities:			
Operating loss	\$ (53,529)	\$	(32,426)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net			
cash provided by (used in) operating activities:			
Changes in assets and liabilities:			
Bond Administration Fees Receivable	(24,070)		
Prepaid expenses	(253)		(174)
Accrued expenses	1,147		(18,265)
Accounts payable	3,804		
Unearned revenue	(2,539)		(2,539)
Due to Rhode Island Commerce Corporation	 44,521		18,787
Net Cash Used in Operating Activities	\$ (30,919)	\$	(34,617)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS

The Rhode Island Industrial Facilities Corporation (the Corporation) was organized in 1966 as a non-business corporation under Rhode Island law, and in 1967 was constituted and established as a public body corporate and agency of the State of Rhode Island (the State) by an act of the Rhode Island General Assembly. The Corporation was granted the power to issue revenue bonds, construction loan notes and equipment acquisition notes for the financing of projects, which further industrial development in Rhode Island. The Corporation is a component unit of the State for financial reporting purposes. Accordingly, the financial statements of the Corporation are included in the State's comprehensive annual financial report.

The Corporation is exempt from federal and state income taxes.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION, MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The Corporation engages only in business-type activities. Business-type activities are activities that are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The Corporation uses the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when the related liability for goods and services is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows.

The Corporation distinguishes between operating and nonoperating revenues and expenses. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services relating to the Corporation's principal ongoing operations. Operating expenses include the cost of services provided and administrative expenses. All other revenues and expenses are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted amounts are available for use, it is the Corporation's practice to use the restricted resources first.

USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The Corporation considers all highly liquid investments, including restricted assets, with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

REVENUE RECOGNITION AND CONCENTRATIONS

Bond administration fees paid by participants in the Corporation's revenue bond and note programs, calculated as one-eighth of one percent of the principal amount outstanding under conduit debt obligations determined at specified measurement dates, are recognized when earned over the terms of the respective bonds and notes. In certain instances, bond administration fees are paid in full by participants upon the Corporation issuing conduit debt obligations. In these instances, bond administration fees are generally calculated by the Corporation as the present value of one-eighth of one percent of the principal amount outstanding, based upon respective amortization schedules, under such conduit debt obligations at specified measurement dates. Such fees are reported as unearned revenue and recognized as revenue ratably over the term of the conduit debt. Other revenue is recognized when received.

For the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, bond administration fees from one participant represents 52% and 44%, respectively, of the Corporation's bond administration fees.

The Corporation also earns other fees from participants upon application for and payoff of conduit debt obligations.

SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events through October 27, 2020, which is the date these financial statements were available to be issued. All subsequent events requiring recognition or disclosure have been incorporated into these financial statements.

Subsequent to year-end, the Corporation authorized the issuance of conduit debt obligations for unrelated third parties for up to \$5,000,000.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019

NOTE 2 - CONDUIT DEBT

From time to time, the Corporation issues revenue bonds, notes, equipment acquisition notes and construction loan notes to provide financial assistance to private-sector entities for the acquisition and construction of industrial and commercial facilities. The bonds and notes are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from payments received on the underlying mortgage loans and lease agreements. Upon repayment of the bonds and notes, ownership of the acquired facilities transfers to the private-sector entity served by the bond or note issuance. The Corporation is not obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds and notes. Accordingly, the bonds and notes are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

In the prior year, the Corporation was authorized by its Board of Directors to issue up to \$9,000,000 in tax-exempt industrial revenue bonds. These bonds were subsequently issued on February 28, 2019. The interest rates for outstanding debt range from fixed rates of 4.31% to 6.25%, as well as floating rates set as a percentage of the prime interest rate. The maturity date for the bond is February 28, 2039. No such bonds were issued during the current year.

Under the terms of the various indentures and related loan and lease agreements, the business entities make loan and lease payments directly to the trustees of the related bond and note issues in amounts equal to interest and principal payments due on the respective issues. Accordingly, the payments are not shown as receipts and disbursements of the Corporation. The aggregate amount of conduit debt outstanding at June 30, 2020 and 2019 was \$33,966,678 and \$34,353,524 respectively.

NOTE 3 - CASH

Cash, including restricted amounts, consists of the following:

	 2020	2019		
Bank Balance in Checking Account Bank balance insured by federal depository insurance	\$ 165,051 165,051	\$	310,856 250,000	
Bank Balance Uninsured and Collateralized	\$ 	\$	60,856	

The Corporation assumes levels of custodial credit risk for its cash. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a financial institution failure, the Corporation's deposits may not be recovered. The Corporation is authorized to invest excess funds by the provisions of the General Laws of the State, Chapter 37, Section 45-37.1-6, in obligations of the State and of the United States Government or certain agencies thereof, and in certificates of deposit. The Corporation also is authorized to enter into repurchase agreements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019

NOTE 3 - CASH (CONTINUED)

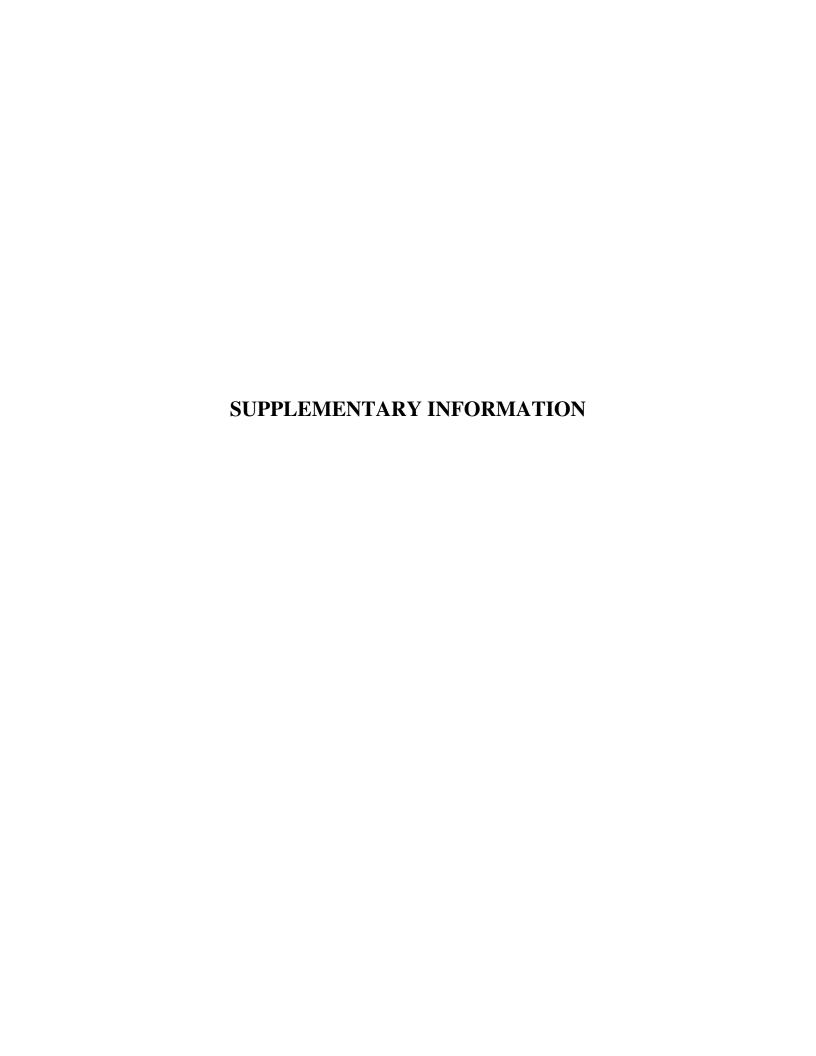
In accordance with State of Rhode Island General Laws, Chapter 35-10.1, depository institutions holding deposits of the State, its agencies or governmental subdivisions are required, at a minimum, to insure or pledge eligible collateral equal to one-hundred percent of time deposits with maturities greater than sixty days. Any of these institutions that do not meet minimum capital standards prescribed by federal regulators are required to insure or pledge eligible collateral equal to one-hundred percent of deposits, regardless of maturity. The Corporation does not have a separate deposit policy for custodial credit risk.

NOTE 4 - DUE FROM RIIRBA

The Rhode Island Industrial-Recreational Building Authority (RIIRBA), a component unit of the State, guarantees principal and interest payments required under first mortgages and first security agreements issued to private-sector entities. At June 30, 2020 and 2019, due from RIIRBA represents amounts paid by the Corporation on behalf of RIIRBA. The payments pertain to RIIRBA's guarantee of defaulted revenue bonds issued to a private-sector entity.

NOTE 5 - DUE TO RHODE ISLAND COMMERCE CORPORATION

The Rhode Island Commerce Corporation, a component unit of the State, provides accounting services and other administrative services to the Corporation. At June 30, 2020 and 2019, due to Rhode Island Commerce Corporation represents amounts owed for services provided.



STATE OF RHODE ISLAND REQUIRED FORMAT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2020

Assets	Attachment B
Current Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 165,051
Investments	
Receivables (net)	24,070
Restricted assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	
Investments	
Receivables (net)	
Other assets	
Due from primary government	
Due from other component units	123,488
Due from other governments	
Inventories	
Other assets	2,600
Total Current Assets	315,209
Noncurrent Assets	
Investments	
Receivables	
(Receivable allowance)	
Restricted assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	
Investments	
Receivables (net)	
Other assets	
Due from other component units	
Net Pension Asset	
Net OPEB Asset	
Capital assets - nondepreciable	
Capital assets - depreciable (net)	
Other assets, net of amortization	
Total Noncurrent Assets	
Total Assets	\$ 315,209

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND REQUIRED FORMAT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2020

Liabilities	Attachment B
Current Liabilities	
Cash overdraft	\$
Accounts payable	3,804
Due to primary government	
Due to other component units	70,412
Due to other governments	
Accrued expenses	3,101
Compensated absences	
Unearned revenue	2,539
Other liabilities	
Current portion of long-term debt	70.056
Total Current Liabilities	79,856
Noncurrent Liabilities	
Due to primary government	
Due to other governments	
Due to other component units	
Net pension liability	
Net OPEB liability	
Unearned revenue	20,166
Notes payable	
Loans payable	
Obligations under capital leases	
Other liabilities	
Compensated absences	
Bonds payable Total Noncurrent Liabilities	20,166
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	20,100
Total Liabilities	100,022
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred pension amounts	
Deferred OPEB amounts	
Other deferred inflows of resources	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	
Restricted for:	
Debt	
Other	
Nonexpendable	
Capital Projects	
Unrestricted	215,187
Total Net Position	\$ 215,187

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND REQUIRED FORMAT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Attachment C
Expenses	\$ 92,141
Program Revenues Charges for services	38,612
Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions	
Total Program Revenues	38,612
Net (Expenses) Revenues	(53,529)
General Revenues Interest and investment earnings Miscellaneous Revenue	
Total General Revenues	
Special items	
Extraordinary items	
Change in Net Position	(53,529)
Total Net Position - Beginning	268,716
Total Net Position - Ending	\$ 215,187

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND REQUIRED FORMAT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN LONG-TERM DEBT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within One Year	Amounts Due Thereafter
Bonds Payable	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Bonds payable						
Net unamortized premium/discount						
Bonds Payable						
Notes payable						
Loans payable						
Obligations under capital leases						
Net pension liability						
Net OPEB liability						
Due to primary government						
Due to component units	25,891	44,521		70,412	70,412	
Due to other governments and agencies						
Unearned revenue	25,244		2,539	22,705	2,539	20,166
Compensated absences						
Arbitrage rebate						
Pollution remediation						
Funds held for others						
Other liabilities						
Other Liabilities						
	\$ 51,135	\$ 44,521	\$ 2,539	\$ 93,117	\$ 72,951	\$ 20,166



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANICAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors **Rhode Island Industrial Facilities Corporation**

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Rhode Island Industrial Facilities Corporation as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 27, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Rhode Island Industrial Facilities Corporation's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Rhode Island Industrial Facilities Corporation's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Rhode Island Industrial Facilities Corporation's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Rhode Island Industrial Facilities Corporation's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statement. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

Marcun LLP

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Providence, RI October 27, 2020